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only human excrement, and the contents of privy wells; and that any such night soil which shall have been treated by any process approved by the commissioner of health of the State department of health, to remove its objectionable features, shall not be within the prohibition of this act.

SEC. 2. Any person, firm, or corporation violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than \$25 or more than \$100 for each offense, or imprisoned for not more than two months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 3. This act shall take effect on the 1st day of September, 1914.

SEC. 4. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum—Reporting of Cases and of Treatment Required. (Act 295, June 5, 1913.)

SECTION 1. That every physician practicing in any portion of this Commonwealth who shall treat or examine any infant suffering from ophthalmia neonatorum (inflammation of the eyes of infants) shall, if the said case be located in a township of the first class, a borough, or a city, forthwith make a report in writing to the health authorities of said township, city, or borough; and, if said case shall be located in a township of the second class, or a city, borough, or township of the first class, not having a board of health, or body acting as such, to the State department of health, upon blanks supplied for that purpose; in which report he shall, under his or her own signature, state the name of the disease, and the name, age, sex, color, and nativity of the infant suffering therefrom, together with the street and house number of the premises in which said infant may be located, or otherwise sufficiently designate the same, the date of the onset of the disease, the name and occupation of the householder in whose family the disease may have occurred; together with such other information relating to said case as may be required by said health authorities and the State department of health.

SEC. 2. That any midwife, or nurse, or other person having the care of an infant whose eyes have become inflamed or swollen or reddened at any time within two weeks after birth, shall report the same, in writing, to the health authorities of the city, borough, or township of the first class in which the case may be located; or, if it be located in a township of the second class, or a city, borough, or township of the first class, not having a board of health, or body acting as such, the State department of health, within six hours after the discovery thereof, giving the name of the infant, the names of the parents or guardians, and the street and number of their residence, or otherwise sufficiently designate the same, together with the fact that such inflammation or swelling or redness exists, and shall make a similar report in writing to some regularly qualified practicing physician of the district.

SEC. 3. That it shall be the duty of the said health authorities or the State department of health, immediately upon receipt of a written report from a midwife or a nurse, or person other than a practicing physician, to notify the parents or guardian, or other person having charge of the infant, of the danger to the eyes or eye of said infant by reason of any neglect of proper treatment of the same.

SEC. 4. Every physician in this Commonwealth who shall treat any infant's eyes for ophthalmia neonatorum (inflammation of the eyes of an infant) shall, within 48 hours after said physician ceases treatment of or attendance upon such case of ophthalmia neonatorum, report to the commissioner of health of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania that said physician has treated a certain case of ophthalmia neonatorum, giving full information as required in section

1 of this act, stating that he has ceased treatment of or attendance upon said case, and what was condition of infant's eyes when physician ceased treatment of or attendance upon said case of ophthalmia neonatorum.

SEC. 5. Every health officer shall furnish a copy of this act to every person who is known to him to act as a midwife or nurse in the city, borough, or township for which he is health officer; and the commissioner of health of this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall cause a sufficient number of copies of this act to be printed and supplied to the health officers.

SEC. 6. Any physician, midwife, nurse, or other person who shall violate any of the provisions of this act shall, upon conviction thereof in a summary proceeding before any justice of the peace or alderman of the county wherein such offense was committed, be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than \$20 or more than \$100, to be paid to the use of the said county, and the costs of prosecution, or to be imprisoned in the county jail for a period of not less than 10 or more than 30 days, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 7. An "Act for the prevention of blindness, imposing a duty upon all midwives, nurses, or other persons having the care of infants, and also upon the health officers, and fixing penalties for neglect thereof," approved the 26th day of June, A. D. 1895, be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

Boards of Health in Boroughs and Townships of the First Class—Organization, Powers, and Duties. (Act 316, June 12, 1913.)

SECTION 1. That a board of health shall be established and maintained in each borough and township of the first class in this Commonwealth within three months after the passage of this act.

SEC. 2. The board of health shall be composed of five members, at least one of whom shall be a reputable physician of not less than two years' experience in the practice of his profession. The members of the board of health shall be appointed by the president of the borough councils, or by the chairman of the board of commissioners of such township. At the first appointment one member shall be appointed to serve for one year, one for two years, one for three years, one for four years, and one for five years; and thereafter one member shall, in like manner, be appointed each year, to serve for five years. The members of the board of health shall be residents of the municipality for which they are appointed, and shall serve without compensation: *Provided, however,* If any member of the board shall be elected to the office of secretary, he shall be entitled to receive a salary, fixed by the board, for that office.

SEC. 3. The members of the board shall severally take and subscribe to the oath prescribed for borough or township officers, and shall annually organize by electing a president from among the members of the board, a secretary, who may or may not be a member of the board, and a health officer, who shall not be a member of the board. The secretary and the health officer shall receive such salary as may be fixed by the board, and ratified by the borough council or by the board of commissioners of the township of the first class, and shall serve for a period of one year, or until such time thereafter as their successors may be elected and qualified. They shall severally give bond to the borough or township in such sums as may be fixed by ordinance for the faithful discharge of their duties, and shall also take and subscribe to the oath required by members of the board.

SEC. 4. The secretary of the board shall keep the minutes of their proceedings; shall keep accurate accounts of the expenditures of the board; shall draw and certify, under the seal of the board of health, all orders upon the treasurers of the borough or township of the first class for the payment of